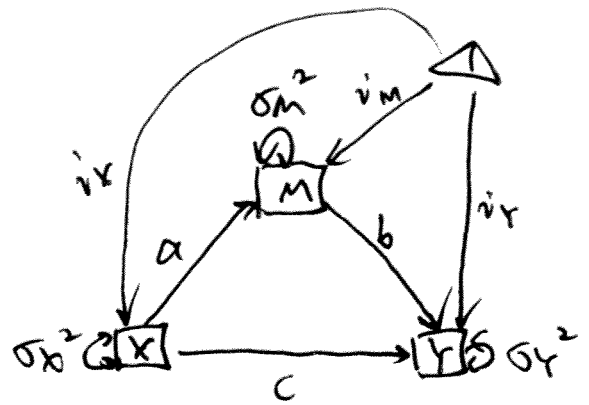


RAM path for SEM model specification.

1. For a path model without latent variables

A, S, F, M matrix

- * A is an asymmetric matrix
- Include regression paths.
- on the row, outcome
- On the column, input



• path with one arrow

$$A = \begin{matrix} & X & M & Y \\ X & & & \\ M & a & & \\ Y & c & b & \end{matrix}$$

* M is a matrix of means and intercepts

$$M = \begin{matrix} X \\ M \\ Y \end{matrix} \begin{pmatrix} i_x \\ i_M \\ i_Y \end{pmatrix}$$

- * S is a symmetric matrix
- Variance or covariances
- Path with two arrows

$$S = \begin{matrix} X & M & Y \\ X & \sigma_x^2 & 0 & 0 \\ M & 0 & \sigma_M^2 & 0 \\ Y & 0 & 0 & \sigma_Y^2 \end{matrix}$$

* F is a filter matrix to identify latent variables.

$$F = \begin{matrix} X & M & Y \\ X & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ M & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ Y & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{matrix}$$

- on the rows, observed variable only.
- on the columns, both observed and latent
- observed 1, other wise, 0

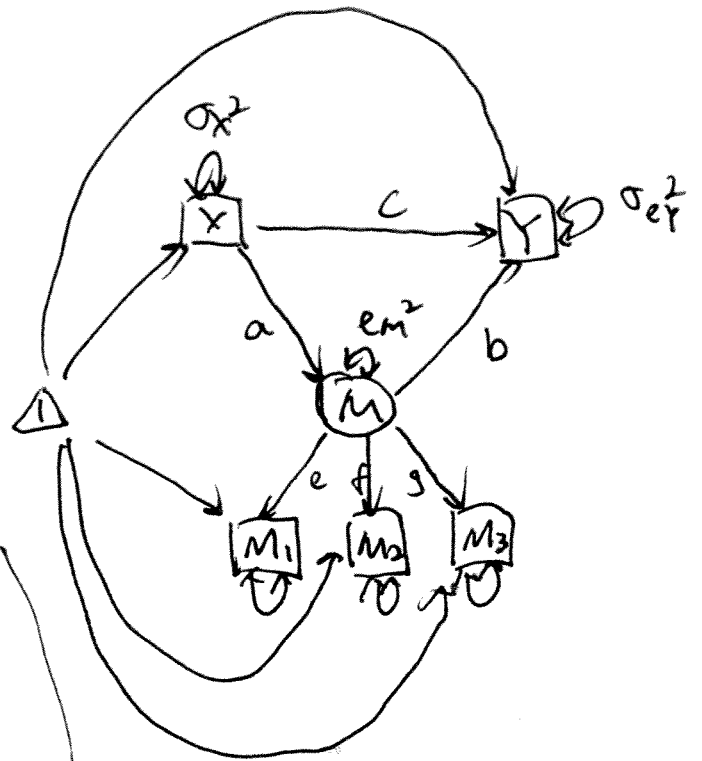
2. For a path model with latent variables

$$A = \begin{matrix} & X & Y & M_1 & M_2 & M_3 & M \\ \begin{matrix} X \\ Y \\ M_1 \\ M_2 \\ M_3 \\ M \end{matrix} & \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ c & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ a & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

$$S = \begin{matrix} & X & Y & M_1 & M_2 & M_3 & M \\ \begin{matrix} X \\ Y \\ M_1 \\ M_2 \\ M_3 \\ M \end{matrix} & \begin{pmatrix} \sigma_x^2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \sigma_y^2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \sigma_{em_1}^2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \sigma_{em_2}^2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \sigma_{em_3}^2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \sigma_{em}^2 \end{pmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

$$F = \begin{matrix} & X & Y & M_1 & M_2 & M_3 & M \\ \begin{matrix} X \\ Y \\ M_1 \\ M_2 \\ M_3 \\ M \end{matrix} & \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

$$M = \begin{matrix} X \\ Y \\ M_1 \\ M_2 \\ M_3 \\ M \end{matrix} \begin{pmatrix} \mu_x \\ \mu_y \\ \mu_{m_1} \\ \mu_{m_2} \\ \mu_{m_3} \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$



With A, S, F, M, the model implied covariance matrix and mean vector can be calculated as

$$\Sigma = F * (I - A)^T * S * [(I - A)^T]' * F'$$

$p \times p$ $p \times (p+q)$ $(p+q) \times (p+q)$ $(p+q) \times (p+q)$ $(p+q) \times (p+q)$ $(p+q) \times p$

$$\mu = F * (I - A)^T * M$$

$p \times 1$ $p \times (p+q)$ $(p+q) \times (p+q)$ $(p+q) \times 1$

Assume we have S and \bar{Y} from data, to set the parameters, we will minimize the function

$$F = \log|\Sigma| + \text{tr}(S\Sigma^{-1}) - \log|S| - p \quad \text{no mean}$$

$$\Rightarrow F = \log|\Sigma| + \text{tr}(S\Sigma^{-1}) - \log|S| - p + (\bar{Y} - \mu)' \Sigma^{-1} (\bar{Y} - \mu) \quad \text{with mean}$$

The derivatives:

$$\frac{\partial F}{\partial \mu(\theta)} = (\bar{Y} - \mu) \Sigma^{-1} = 0 \Rightarrow \mu(\theta) = \bar{Y}$$

1st. $\frac{\partial F}{\partial \Sigma(\theta)} = \text{tr}(\Sigma^{-1} \frac{\partial \Sigma}{\partial \theta}) - \text{tr}(S \cdot \Sigma^{-1} \frac{\partial \Sigma}{\partial \theta} \cdot \Sigma^{-1}) = 0$ ↙ gradient

2nd $\frac{\partial^2 F}{\partial \Sigma(\theta) \partial \Sigma(\theta)} = \text{tr}(\Sigma^{-1} \frac{\partial^2 \Sigma}{\partial \theta \partial \theta}) - \text{tr}(\Sigma^{-1} \frac{\partial \Sigma}{\partial \theta} \Sigma^{-1} \frac{\partial \Sigma}{\partial \theta} \Sigma^{-1}) + \text{tr}(S \cdot (-\Sigma^{-1} \frac{\partial \Sigma}{\partial \theta} \Sigma^{-1} + \Sigma^{-1} \frac{\partial \Sigma}{\partial \theta} \Sigma^{-1} \frac{\partial \Sigma}{\partial \theta} \Sigma^{-1} + \Sigma^{-1} \frac{\partial \Sigma}{\partial \theta} \Sigma^{-1} \frac{\partial \Sigma}{\partial \theta} \Sigma^{-1})$